# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO/IEC 13157-2

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Information technology —
Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — NFC
Security —

Part 2:

NFC-SEC cryptography standard using ECDH and AES

Technologies de l'information — Téléinformatique — Sécurité NFC — Partie 2: Norme de cryptographie NFC-SEC utilisant ECDH et AES



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## **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 13157-2 was prepared by Ecma International (as ECMA-386) and was adopted, under a special "fast-track procedure", by Joint Technical Committee SO/IEC TC 1 *Information technology*, in parallel with its approval by national bodies of ISO and IEC.

ISO/IEC 13157 consists of the following parts, under the general title Information technology— Telecommunications and information exchange between systems—NFC Security:

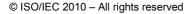
- Part 1: NFC-SEC NFCIP-1 security services and protocol
- Part 2: NFC-SEC cryptography standard using ECDH and AES

## Introduction

The NFC Security series of standards comprise a common services and protocol standard and NFC-SEC cryptography standards.

This NFC-SEC cryptography standard specifies cryptographic mechanisms that use the Elliptic Curves Diffie-Hellman (ECDH) protocol for key agreement and the AES algorithm for data encryption and integrity.

This International Standard addresses secure communication of two NFC devices that do not share any common secret data ("keys") before they start communicating with each other.



# Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — NFC Security —

### Part 2:

# NFC-SEC cryptography standard using ECDH and AES

### 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies the message contents and the cryptographic methods for PID 01.

This International Standard specifies cryptographic mechanisms that use the Elliptic Curves Diffie-Hellman (ECDH) protocol for key agreement and the AES algorithm for data encryption and integrity.

### 2 Conformance

Conformant implementations employ the security mechanisms specified in this NFC-SEC cryptography standard (identified by PID 01) and conform to ISO/IEC 13157-1.

The NFC-SEC security services shall be established through the protocol specified in ISO/IEC 13157-1 and the mechanisms specified in this International Standard

### 3 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 10116:2006, Information technology — Security techniques — Modes of operation for an n-bit block cipher

ISO/IEC 11770-3:2008, Information technology — Security techniques — Key management — Part 3: Mechanisms using asymmetric techniques

ISO/IEC 13157-1:2010, Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — NFC Security — Part 1: NFC-SEC NFCIP-1 security services and protocol (also published by Ecma as Standard ECMA-385)

ISO/IEC 15946-1:2008, Information technology — Security techniques — Cryptographic techniques based on elliptic curves — Part 1: General

ISO/IEC 18031:2005, Information technology — Security techniques — Random bit generation

ISO/IEC 18033-3:2005, Information technology — Security techniques — Encryption algorithms — Part 3: Block ciphers

### ISO/IEC 13157-2:2010(E)

ISO/IEC 18092:2004, Information technology — Telecommunications and information exchange between systems — Near Field Communication — Interface and Protocol (NFCIP-1) (also published by Ecma as Standard ECMA-340)

IEEE 1363, IEEE Standard Specifications for Public-Key Cryptography

FIPS 186-2, Digital Signature Standard (DSS)

